

The PAVE project

People Affected by Violence

Background

Violence in one way or another has affected most people in Northern Ireland with over 3,600 people killed and many more injured since 1969. The Ceasefires in 1994 have led to drastic decreases in violence however, a study of widows recently showed that even 30 years after the loss, many still find it difficult to come to terms with their traumatic bereavement.

A large number of voluntary groups have been formed to help people affected by violence by offering a wide range of services.

Aims of Research

- The establishment of a detailed categorisation of therapeutic services offered to people affected by violence Northern Ireland;
- To explore the effectiveness of some of the most commonly used therapeutic services in regard to achieving their set aims/goals;
- To encourage collaboration through sharing and dissemination of outcomes of this research.

Research Outcome

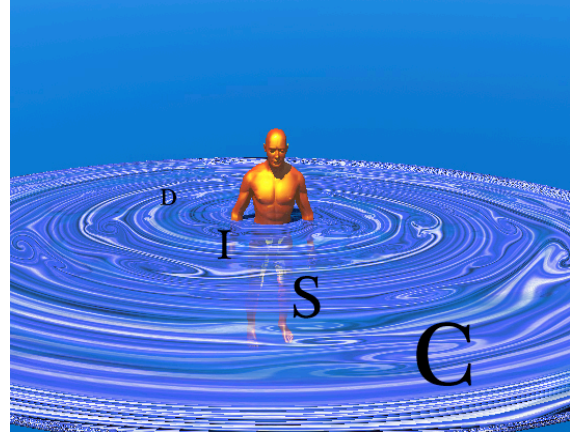
In this research issues related to the Death, Individual, Social, and Cultural (D.I.S.C) contexts are considered.

Research Output

Phase 1: Detailed categorisation of therapeutic services offered to people affected by violence;

Phase 2: Exploration of effectiveness of different therapeutic services for people affected by violence.

D.I.S.C. Context



Research Team

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