POSSIBLE PRINCIPLES ON WHICH TO BASE INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS FOR ENHANCED COMMUNICATION AND CO-OPERATION BETWEEN NORTH AND SOUTH

Channels of communication and co-operation between North and South should be:

such as to reconcile and acknowledge the rights of the two major traditions in Ireland represented on the one hand by those who wish Northern Ireland to remain as an integral part of the United Kingdom and on the other hand by those who aspire to a sovereign, united Ireland achieved by peaceful means and through agreement

of the NK but

such as to encourage, promote and develop improved relations and better understanding within Northern Ireland and between Northern Ireland and the Republic of Ireland

conducive to a new spirit of cordial co-operation and friendship among the people of the island of Ireland, bringing a united effort for the common good

legitimate in the sense of respecting the democratic

rights of the people of Northern Ireland and the

people of the Republic of Ireland

legitimate in the sense of respecting the validity of both the nationalist and unionist identities in

CAIN: Sean Farren Papers (https://cain.ulster.ac.uk/sean_farren/)

Ireland and the democratic rights of every citizen on the island

- geared to the development of governmental
 arrangements that are widely acceptable and aimed at
 protecting and enhancing the interests of the people
 of the island of Ireland
- . widely acceptable in both parts of the island of Ireland
- . stable and durable
- constructive and meaningful
- capable of development, on an agreed basis, in response to changing political realities
- workable, in the sense of being as straightforward to operate as possible
- designed to provide a two-way channel of

 communication which would enable issues of mutual

 benefit or of concern to either party to the

 relationship to be addressed
- innovative, in the sense of learning from and not merely modelled on any previous arrangements

conducive to optimising the benefits from the EC framework, and its programmes, for the two parts of the island of Ireland, consistent with the role and responsibilities of the UK and the Republic of Ireland as separate member states